**Sprint 3**

**Instructions on completing the project**

**Step 1. Open the data file and study the general information**

**File path:**

***/datasets/megaline\_calls.csv***[**Download dataset**](https://code.s3.yandex.net/datasets/megaline_calls.csv)

***/datasets/megaline\_internet.csv***[**Download dataset**](https://code.s3.yandex.net/datasets/megaline_internet.csv)

***/datasets/megaline\_messages.csv***[**Download dataset**](https://code.s3.yandex.net/datasets/megaline_messages.csv)

***/datasets/megaline\_plans.csv***[**Download dataset**](https://code.s3.yandex.net/datasets/megaline_plans.csv)

***/datasets/megaline\_users.csv***[**Download dataset**](https://code.s3.yandex.net/datasets/megaline_users.csv)

**Step 2. Prepare the data**

* **Convert the data to the necessary types**
* **Find and eliminate errors in the data**

**Explain what errors you found and how you removed them. Note: many calls have a duration of 0.0 minutes. These might be missed calls. Whether or not to preprocess these values is up to you; assess how much their absence would affect the results of your analysis.**

**For each user, find:**

* **The number of calls made and minutes used per month**
* **The number of text messages sent per month**
* **The volume of data per month**
* **The monthly revenue from each user (subtract the free package limit from the total number of calls, text messages, and data; multiply the result by the calling plan value; add the monthly charge depending on the calling plan)**

**Step 3. Analyze the data**

**Describe the customers' behavior. Find the minutes, texts, and volume of data the users of each plan require per month. Calculate the mean, dispersion, and standard deviation. Plot histograms. Describe the distributions.**

**Step 4. Test the hypotheses**

* **The average revenue from users of Ultimate and Surf calling plans differs.**
* **The average revenue from users in NY-NJ area is different from that of the users from other regions.**

**You decide what alpha value to use.**

**Explain:**

* **How you formulated the null and alternative hypotheses.**
* **What criterion you used to test the hypotheses and why.**

**Step 5. Write an overall conclusion**

**Format: Complete the task in Jupyter Notebook. Put the programming code in code cells and text explanations in markdown cells, then apply formatting and headings.**

**Description of the data**

**Remember! Megaline rounds seconds up to minutes, and megabytes to gigabytes. For calls, each individual call is rounded up: even if the call lasted just one second, it will be counted as one minute. For web traffic, individual web sessions are not rounded up. Instead, the total for the month is rounded up. If someone uses 1025 megabytes this month, they will be charged for 2 gigabytes.**

**The users table (data on users):**

* ***user\_id* — unique user identifier**
* ***first\_name* — user's name**
* ***last\_name* — user's last name**
* ***age* — user's age (years)**
* ***reg\_date* — subscription date (dd, mm, yy)**
* ***churn\_date* — the date the user stopped using the service (if the value is missing, the calling plan was being used when this data was retrieved)**
* ***city* — user's city of residence**
* ***plan* — calling plan name**

**The calls table (data on calls):**

* ***id* — unique call identifier**
* ***call\_date* — call date**
* ***duration* — call duration (in minutes)**
* ***user\_id* — the identifier of the user making the call**

**The messages table (data on texts):**

* ***id* — unique text message identifier**
* ***message\_date* — text message date**
* ***user\_id* — the identifier of the user sending the text**

**The internet table (data on web sessions):**

* ***id* — unique session identifier**
* ***mb\_used* — the volume of data spent during the session (in megabytes)**
* ***session\_date* — web session date**
* ***user\_id* — user identifier**

**The plans table (data on the plans):**

* ***plan\_name* — calling plan name**
* ***usd\_monthly\_fee* — monthly charge in US dollars**
* ***minutes\_included* — monthly minute allowance**
* ***messages\_included* — monthly text allowance**
* ***mb\_per\_month\_included* — data volume allowance (in megabytes)**
* ***usd\_per\_minute* — price per minute after exceeding the package limits (e.g., if the package includes 100 minutes, the 101st minute will be charged)**
* ***usd\_per\_message* — price per text after exceeding the package limits**
* ***usd\_per\_gb* — price per extra gigabyte of data after exceeding the package limits (1 GB = 1024 megabytes)**

**How will my project be evaluated?**

We’ve put together some project assessment criteria. Read over them carefully before you get to work.

Here’s what project reviewers will look at when assessing your project:

* How you explain the problems identified in the data
* How you prepare the data for analysis
* What graphs you plot for distributions
* How you interpret the resulting graphs
* How you calculate the standard deviation and variance
* Whether you formulate the alternative and null hypotheses
* What methods you use to test hypotheses
* Whether you interpret the results of your hypothesis tests
* Whether you follow the project structure and keep the code tidy
* The conclusions you come to
* Whether you leave comments at each step

The takeaway sheets and summaries from previous lessons have everything that you’ll need in order to complete the project.